ON THE COVER:

In this issue of Anesthesiology, two original research articles and three editorial views examine the use of data in clinical decision making.

- Kheterpal et al.: Impact of a Novel Multiparameter Decision Support System on Intraoperative Processes of Care and Postoperative Outcomes, p. 272
- Liu et al.: Defining the Intrinsic Cardiac Risks of Operations to Improve Preoperative Cardiac Risk Assessments, p. 283
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THIS MONTH IN ANESTHESIOLOGY

SCIENCE, MEDICINE, AND THE ANESTHESIOLOGIST

INFOGRAPHICS IN ANESTHESIOLOGY

EDITORIAL VIEWS

Decision Support Alerts: Importance of Validation
D. I. Sessler

Risk Prediction Tools: The Need for Greater Transparency
L. G. Glance, A. W. Dick, and T. M. Osler

Regulatory Landscape for Clinical Decision Support Technology
G. H. Javitt

Reporting of Observational Research in Anesthesiology: The Importance of Data Quality: Trust but Verify
A. F. Simpao and J. A. Gálvez

Mitigating Microvascular Leak during Fluid Resuscitation of Hemorrhagic Shock
K. R. Walley

◇ Refers to This Month in Anesthesiology
◆ Refers to Editorial Views
◎ This article has an Audio Podcast
☆ See Supplemental Digital Content
◆ CME Article
♫ This article has a Video Abstract
♂ This article has a Visual Abstract
An Anesthesiologist’s Perspective on the History of Basic Airway Management: The “Progressive” Era, 1904 to 1960
A. A. Matioc

This third installment of the history of basic airway management discusses the transitional—“progressive”—years of anesthesia (1904 to 1960). Basic airway management continued to be central to this period of emerging modern anesthesia and positive pressure ventilation.

Impact of a Novel Multiparameter Decision Support System on Intraoperative Processes of Care and Postoperative Outcomes
S. Kheterpal, A. Shanks, and K. K. Tremper

Most improvements were time-dependent. Decision support was associated with improved process-of-care measures compared to contemporaneous control patients, but not with improved clinical outcomes. Decision support systems should be formally evaluated because the extent to which they will enhance patient care is not obvious.

Defining the Intrinsic Cardiac Risks of Operations to Improve Preoperative Cardiac Risk Assessments

An analysis of 3 million surgeries in the American College of Surgeons National Surgical Quality Improvement Program registry demonstrated a broad range of procedure-specific cardiac adverse event risk for 200 commonly performed procedures. These data may advance our patient-specific risk/benefit analyses and medical decision-making.

Incidence of Artifacts and Deviating Values in Research Data Obtained from an Anesthesia Information Management System in Children
A. J. Hoorweg, W. Pasma, L. van Wolfswinkel, and J. C. de Graaff

In the particular anesthesia information management system used by the authors, the amount of artifacts was low for heart rate and oxygen saturation and higher for noninvasive and invasive blood pressure and end-tidal carbon dioxide. Values outside the normal range have a higher amount of artifacts than values within the normal range. The amount of artifacts varies with anesthetic technique and phase of anesthesia.

Propofol-induced Changes in $\alpha$-$\beta$ Sensorimotor Cortical Connectivity
M. Malekmohammadi, N. AuYong, C. M. Price, E. Tsolaki, A. E. Hudson, and N. Pouratian

Although propofol administration led to a local power increase in oscillations in both the sensory and motor cortices, the coupling between these two regions was significantly reduced. The results support the premise that propofol induces a functional disconnection between cortical areas even though local activity in these areas may increase.

Period-dependent Associations between Hypotension during and for Four Days after Noncardiac Surgery and a Composite of Myocardial Infarction and Death: A Substudy of the POISE-2 Trial

This study determined the association between hypotension and a composite of 30-day myocardial infarction and death over three periods: (1) intraoperative, (2) remaining day of surgery, and (3) during the initial four postoperative days. Clinically important hypotension was significantly associated with a composite of myocardial infarction and death during each of three perioperative periods, even after adjustment for previous hypotension.

Cost-effectiveness Analysis of Intraoperative Cell Salvage for Obstetric Hemorrhage
G. Lim, V. Melnyk, F. L. Facco, J. H. Waters, and K. J. Smith

The use of cell salvage for cases at high risk for obstetric hemorrhage is economically reasonable; routine cell salvage use for all cesarean deliveries is not.
Alphaxalone Binds in Inner Transmembrane β−−α− Interfaces of α1β3γ2 γ-Aminobutyric Acid Type A Receptors

Alphaxalone contacts were identified in the inner transmembrane β−−α− intersubunit clefts of γ-aminobutyric acid type A (GABA_A) receptors. These sites are adjacent to the outer transmembrane sites where etomidate and propofol act. The results suggest that large portions of the transmembrane intersubunit clefts of GABA_A receptors are allosterically coupled to ion channel gating. These clefts form a number of distinct binding sites for pharmacologic agents that include neurosteroids and currently used intravenous anesthetics.

Microvascular Permeability after an Acute and Chronic Salt Load in Healthy Subjects: A Randomized Open-label Crossover Intervention Study

Twelve healthy males followed both a low-sodium diet and a high-sodium diet for eight days each in a randomized crossover study and received intravenous hypertonic saline infusion over the course of 30 min after the low-sodium diet. Despite similar increases in plasma sodium, chloride, and osmolality, chronic dietary sodium loading did not affect microvascular permeability, but hypertonic saline infusion increased it. Increased microvascular permeability after saline infusion coincided with decreased urinary glycosaminoglycan excretion, indicating damage to the endothelial surface layer.

Vasculotide, an Angiopoietin-1 Mimetic, Restores Microcirculatory Perfusion and Microvascular Leakage and Decreases Fluid Resuscitation Requirements in Hemorrhagic Shock
M. Trieu, M. van Meurs, A. L. I. van Leeuwen, P. Van Slyke, V. Hoang, L. M. G. Geeraedts, Jr., C. Boer, and C. E. van den Brom

Hemorrhagic shock in rats activated the angiopoietin/Tie2 system and was associated with vascular leakage and fewer perfused capillaries. These effects were attenuated by pretreatment and posttreatment with a new angiopoietin-1 mimic, vasculotide.

A Comparison of Red Cell Rejuvenation versus Mechanical Washing for the Prevention of Transfusion-associated Organ Injury in Swine
M. J. Woźniak, S. Qureshi, N. Sullo, W. Dott, R. Cardigan, M. Wiltshire, M. Nath, N. N. Patel, T. Kumar, A. H. Goodall, and G. J. Murphy

In a porcine model, red blood cell washing along with an inosine rejuvenation solution restored red cell energy stores, reduced inflammatory responses, and reduced transfusion-associated organ injury in swine in 14-day-old stored blood.
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◊ Argatroban and Bivalirudin for Perioperative Anticoagulation in Cardiac Surgery 390
A. Koster, D. Faraoni, and J. H. Levy

Argatroban and bivalirudin are used as replacement anticoagulants for heparin. The authors review clinical studies for these drugs in the perioperative setting of cardiac surgical patients including extracorporeal management and mechanical support therapy.

REVIEW ARTICLE

◊ Multimodality Neuromonitoring in Adult Traumatic Brain Injury: A Narrative Review 401
M. Smith

Multimodality monitoring allows individually tailored approaches to the management of traumatic brain injury in which treatment decisions are guided by monitored changes in physiologic variables.

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